BOROUGH OF ORADELL BERGEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY ORDINANCE #19-06

This ordinance published herewith was introduced and passed upon first reading at a meeting of the Borough Council of the Borough of Oradell, in the County of Bergen and State of New Jersey, held on January 22, 2019. It will be further considered for final passage after public hearing thereon, at a Public Meeting of said Borough Council to be held in the Town Hall, in said Borough, on February 26, 2019 at 7:30 PM, and during the week prior to and up to and including the date of such meeting, copies of said ordinance will be made available at the Clerk's Office in said Borough Hall to the members of the general public who shall request the same.

LAURA J. LYONS, CPM, RMC, RPPO ADMINISTRATOR/MUNICIPAL CLERK

BOROUGH OF ORADELL

ORDINANCE

#19-06

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE BOROUGH OF ORADELL'S DEVELOPMENT FEE ORDINANCE AT CHAPTER 240, ARTICLE IX, OF THE BOROUGH CODE

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Governing Body of the Borough of Oradell, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, as follows:

Section 1. Chapter 240, Article IX, "Affordable Housing Zone", of the Code of the Borough of Oradell shall be amended to read as follows:

Article IX: Affordable Housing Development Fees

§240-9.1 Purpose.

- A. In Holmdel Builder's Association v. Holmdel Township, 121 N.J. 550 (1990), the New Jersey Supreme Court determined that mandatory development fees are authorized by the Fair Housing Act of 1985, N.J.S.A. 52:27d-301 et seq., and the State Constitution, subject to the Council on Affordable Housing's (COAH's) adoption of rules.
- B. Pursuant to P.L. 2008, c. 46, § 8 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2) and the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 40:55D-8.7), COAH is authorized to adopt and promulgate regulations necessary for the establishment, implementation, review, monitoring and enforcement of municipal affordable housing trust funds and corresponding spending plans. Municipalities that are under the jurisdiction of the Council or court of competent jurisdiction and have a COAH-approved spending plan may retain fees collected from nonresidential development.
- C. This article establishes standards for the collection, maintenance, and expenditure of development fees pursuant to COAH's regulations and in accordance with P.L. 2008, c. 46, §§ 8 and 32 through 38. Fees collected pursuant to this article shall be used for the sole purpose of providing low- and moderate-income housing. This article shall be interpreted within the framework of COAH's rules on development fees, codified at N.J.A.C. § 5:93-8.

D. This article shall not be effective until approved by COAH pursuant to N.J.A.C. § 5:93-8.8(a).

§240-9.2 Basic requirements.

The Borough of Oradell shall not spend development fees until COAH has approved a plan for spending such fees and Oradell has received third-round substantive certification from COAH or a judgment of compliance.

§240-9.3 Definitions.

The following terms, as used in this article, shall have the following meanings:

AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT

A development included in the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipal construction project or a one-hundred-percent-affordable development.

COAH or THE COUNCIL

The New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing- established under the Fair Housing Act which previously had primary jurisdiction for the administration of housing obligations in accordance with sound regional planning consideration in the state. Pursuant to the opinion and order of the New Jersey Supreme Court dated March 10, 2015, in the matter of "In re Adoption of N.J.A.C. 5:96 and 5:97 by N.J. Council on Affordable Housing (M-392-14) 067126," any reference to COAH or the Council shall be understood to refer to the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division-Bergen County.

DEVELOPMENT FEES

Funds paid by a developer for the improvement of property as permitted in N.J.A.C. 5:93-8.

DEVELOPER

Any person, partnership, association, company or corporation that is the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or any land proposed to be included in a proposed development including the holder of an option to contract or purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUE

The assessed value of a property divided by the current average ratio of assessed to true value for the municipality in which the property is situated, as determined in accordance with §§ 1, 5, and 6 of P.L. 1973, c. 123 (N.J.S.A. 54:1-35a through 54:1-35c).

GREEN BUILDING STRATEGIES

Those strategies that minimize the impact of development on the environment, and enhance the health, safety and well-being of residents by producing durable, low-maintenance, resource-efficient housing while making optimum use of existing infrastructure and community services.

§240-9.4 Residential development fees.

A. Imposed fees.

- (1) Within all zone districts, residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted below, shall pay a fee of 1.5% of the equalized assessed value for residential development, provided no increased density is permitted.
- (2) When an increase in residential density pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-70d(5) (known as a "d" variance) has been permitted, developers may be required to pay a development fee of 6% of the equalized assessed value for each additional unit that may be realized. However, if the zoning on a site has changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application, the base density for the purposes of calculating the bonus development fee shall be the highest density permitted by right during the two-year period preceding the filing of the variance application.
- B. Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions for residential development.
 - (1) Affordable housing developments shall be exempt from development fees. All other forms of new construction shall be subject to development fees unless exempted below.
 - (2) Developers of low- and moderate-income units shall be exempt from paying development fees.
 - (3) Developments that have received preliminary or final approval prior to the effective date of the Borough's amended development fee ordinance shall be subject to the law in effect at the time of such approval, unless the developer seeks a substantial change in the approval.
 - (4) All single-family residential additions, renovations and accessory structures shall be exempt; however, all new residential dwelling units shall be subject to a development fee.
 - (5) All multi-family additions, renovations and accessory structures not requiring site plan approval shall be exempt; however, all new residential dwelling units shall be subject to a development fee.

§240-9.5 Nonresidential development fees.

A. Imposed fees.

(1) Within all zoning districts, nonresidential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted, shall pay a fee equal to 2.5% of the equalized

- assessed value of the land and improvements, for all new nonresidential construction on an unimproved lot or lots.
- (2) Nonresidential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted, shall also pay a fee equal to 2.5% of the increase in equalized assessed value resulting from any additions to existing structures to be used for nonresidential purposes.
- (3) Development fees shall be imposed and collected when an existing structure is demolished and replaced. The development fee of 2.5% shall be calculated on the difference between the equalized assessed value of the preexisting land and improvement and the equalized assessed value of the newly improved structure, i.e., land and improvement at the time final certificate of occupancy is issued. If the calculation required under this section results in a negative number, the nonresidential development fee shall be zero.
- B. Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions for nonresidential development.
 - (1) The nonresidential portion of a mixed-use inclusionary or market rate development shall be subject to the 2.5% development fee, unless otherwise exempted below.
 - (2) The 2.5% fee shall not apply to an increase in equalized assessed value resulting from alterations, change in use within existing footprint, reconstruction, renovations and repairs.
 - (3) The 2.5% fee shall not apply to developers of any not-for-profit use; federal, state and municipal government uses; churches and other places of worship; and public schools.
 - (4) Nonresidential developments shall be exempt from the payment of nonresidential development fees in accordance with the exemptions required pursuant to P.L. 2008, c. 46, as specified in the Form N-RDF "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/Exemption" form. Any exemption claimed by a developer shall be substantiated by that developer.
 - (5) A developer of a nonresidential development exempted from the nonresidential development fee pursuant to P.L. 2008, c. 46 shall be subject to it at such time the basis for the exemption no longer applies, and shall make the payment of the nonresidential development fee, in that event, within three years after that event or after the issuance of the final certificate of occupancy of the nonresidential development, whichever is later.
 - (6) If a property which was exempted from the collection of a nonresidential development fee thereafter ceases to be exempt from property taxation, the owner of the property shall remit the fees required pursuant to this section within 45 days of the termination of the property tax exemption. Unpaid nonresidential development fees under these circumstances may be enforceable by the Borough of Oradell as a lien against the real property of the owner.

§240-9.6 Collection of fees.

- A. Upon the granting of a preliminary, final or other applicable approval for a development, the applicable approving authority shall direct its staff to notify the Construction Official responsible for the issuance of a building permit.
- B. For nonresidential developments only, the developer shall also be provided with a copy of Form N-RDF "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/Exemption," to be completed as per the instructions provided. The Developer of a nonresidential development shall complete Form N-RDF as per the instructions provided. The Construction Official shall verify the information submitted by the nonresidential developer as per the instructions provided in the Form N-RDF. The Tax Assessor shall verify exemptions and prepare estimated and final assessments as per the instructions provided in Form N-RDF.
- C. The Construction Official responsible for the issuance of a building permit shall notify the local Tax Assessor of the issuance of the first building permit for a development which is subject to a development fee.
- D. Within 90 days of receipt of that notice, the Municipal Tax Assessor, based on the plans filed, shall provide an estimate of the equalized assessed value of the development.
- E. The Construction Official responsible for the issuance of a final certificate of occupancy notifies the local Assessor of any and all requests for the scheduling of a final inspection on property which is subject to a development fee.
- F. Within 10 business days of a request for the scheduling of a final inspection, the Municipal Assessor shall confirm or modify the previously estimated equalized assessed value of the improvements of the development; calculate the development fee; and thereafter notify the developer of the amount of the fee.
- G. Should the Borough of Oradell fail to determine or notify the developer of the amount of the development fee within 10 business days of the request for final inspection, the developer may estimate the amount due and pay that estimated amount consistent with the dispute process set forth in Subsection b of § 37 of P.L. 2008, c. 46 (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.6).
- H. Fifty percent (50%) of the development fee shall be collected at the time of issuance of the building permit. The remaining portion shall be collected at the issuance of the certificate of occupancy. The developer shall be responsible for paying the difference between the fee calculated at the time of issuance of the building permit and that determined at issuance of the certificate of occupancy.
- I. Appeal of development fees.
 - (1) A developer may challenge residential development fees imposed by filing a challenge with the County Board of Taxation. Pending a review and determination by the Board,

collected fees shall be placed in an interest-bearing escrow account by the Borough of Oradell. Appeals from a determination of the Board may be made to the tax court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, N.J.S.A. 54:48-1 et seq., within 90 days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.

(2) A developer may challenge nonresidential development fees imposed by filing a challenge with the Director of the Division of Taxation. Pending a review and determination by the Director, which shall be made within 45 days of receipt of the challenge, collected fees shall be placed in an interest-bearing escrow account by Borough of Oradell. Appeals from a determination of the Director may be made to the tax court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, N.J.S.A. 54:48-1 et seq., within 90 days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.

§240-9.7 Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

- A. There is hereby created a separate, interest bearing housing trust fund in Valley National Bank for the purpose of depositing development fees collected from residential and nonresidential developers and proceeds from the sale of units with extinguished controls. All development fees paid by developers pursuant to this article shall be deposited in this fund.
- B. The following additional funds shall be deposited in the Housing Trust Fund and shall at all times be identifiable by source and amount:
 - (1) Payments in lieu of on-site construction of affordable units;
 - (2) Developer-contributed funds to make 10% of the adaptable entrances in a townhouse or other multistory attached development accessible;
 - (3) Rental income from municipally operated units;
 - (4) Repayments from affordable housing program loans;
 - (5) Recapture funds;
 - (6) Proceeds from the sale of affordable units; and
 - (7) Any other funds collected in connection with the Borough of Oradell's affordable housing program.
- C. No funds shall be expended from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund unless the expenditure conforms to a spending plan approved by COAH. All interest accrued in the housing trust fund shall only be used on eligible affordable housing activities approved by COAH.

§240-9.8 Use of funds.

- A. Funds deposited in the housing trust fund may be used for any activity approved by COAH to address the Borough's low and moderate income housing obligation and may be set up as a grant or revolving loan program. Such activities may include, but are not limited to: preservation or purchase of housing for the purpose of maintaining or implementing affordability controls; housing rehabilitation; new construction of affordable housing units and related costs; ECHO housing; conversion of existing nonresidential buildings to create new affordable units; green building strategies designed to be cost saving and in accordance with accepted national or state standards; the purchase of land for low and moderate income housing; improvement of land to be used for affordable housing; purchase of housing; extensions and/or improvements of roads and infrastructure to low and moderate income housing sites; financial assistance designed to increase affordability or administration necessary for the implementation of the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, or any other activity as permitted pursuant to N.J.A.C. § 5:93-8. The expenditure of all funds shall conform to a spending plan approved by COAH.
- B. Development fee revenues shall not be expended to reimburse the Borough of Oradell for past housing activities.
- C. After subtracting development fees collected to finance a rehabilitation program or a new construction project that are necessary to address the Borough of Oradell affordable housing obligation, at least 30% of the balance remaining of all development fees collected and interest earned shall be used to provide affordability assistance to low- and moderate-income households in affordable units included in the municipal Fair Share Plan. One-third of the affordability assistance portion of development fees collected shall be used to provide affordability assistance to those households earning 30% or less of median income by region.
 - (1) Affordability assistance programs may include down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low-interest loans, rental assistance, assistance with homeowners' association or condominium fees and special assessments, and assistance with emergency repairs.
 - (2) Affordability assistance to households earning 30% or less of median income may include buying down the cost of low- or moderate-income units in the third-round Municipal Fair Share Plan to make them affordable to households earning 30% or less of median income.
 - (3) Payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site and funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls shall be exempt from the affordability assistance requirement.
- D. The Borough of Oradell may contract with a private or public entity to administer any part of its Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, including the requirement for affordability assistance.

E. No more than 20% of the revenues collected from development fees shall be expended on administration, including, but not limited to, salaries and benefits for municipal employees or consultant fees necessary to develop or implement a new construction program, a Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and/or an affirmative marketing program. Administrative funds may be used for income qualification of households, monitoring the turnover of sale and rental units, and compliance with COAH's monitoring requirements. Legal or other fees related to litigation opposing affordable housing sites or objecting to the Council's regulations and/or action are not eligible uses of the Housing Trust Fund. Development fee administrative costs are calculated and may be expended at the end of each year or upon receipt of the fees.

§240-9.9 Monitoring.

The Borough of Oradell shall complete and return to COAH all monitoring forms included in monitoring requirements related to the collection of development fees from residential and nonresidential developers, payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site, funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls, barrier-free escrow funds, rental income, repayments from affordable housing program loans, and any other funds collected in connection with Borough of Oradell's housing program, as well as to the expenditure of revenues and implementation of the plan certified by COAH. All monitoring reports shall be completed on forms designed by COAH.

§240-9.10 Ongoing collection of fees.

The ability for the Borough of Oradell to impose, collect and expend development fees shall expire with its substantive certification or judgment of compliance unless the Borough of Oradell has filed an adopted Housing Element and Fair Share Plan with COAH, has petitioned for substantive certification or judgment of compliance, and has received COAH's approval of its development fee ordinance. If the Borough of Oradell fails to renew its ability to impose and collect development fees prior to the expiration of the substantive certification or judgment of compliance, it may be subject to forfeiture of any or all funds remaining within its municipal trust fund. Any funds so forfeited shall be deposited into the "New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund" established pursuant to § 20 of P.L. 1985, c. 222 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320). The Borough of Oradell shall not impose a development fee on a development that receives preliminary or final approval after the expiration of its substantive certification or judgment of compliance, nor shall the Borough of Oradell retroactively impose a development fee on such a development. The Borough of Oradell will not expend development fees after the expiration of its substantive certification or judgment of compliance.

Section 2. If any article, section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is, for any reason, held to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this Ordinance and they shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 3. In the event of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this Ordinance and any prior ordinance of the Borough of Oradell, the provisions hereof shall be determined to

govern. All other parts, portions and provisions of the Revised General Ordinances of the Borough of Oradell are hereby ratified and confirmed, except where inconsistent with the terms hereof.

Section 4. The Borough Clerk is directed to give notice at least ten (10) days prior to a hearing on the adoption of this ordinance to the Bergen County Planning Board and to all other persons entitled thereto pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-15, and N.J.S.A. 40:55D-63 (if required).

Section 5. After introduction, the Borough Clerk is hereby directed to submit a copy of the within Ordinance to the Planning Board of the Borough of Oradell for its review in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40:55D-26 and N.J.S.A. 40:55D-64. The Planning Board is directed to make and transmit to the Governing Body, within 35 days after referral, a report including identification of any provisions in the proposed ordinance which are inconsistent with the master plan and recommendations concerning any inconsistencies and any other matter as the Board deems appropriate.

Section 6. This Ordinance shall be presented to the Mayor for her approval and signature, which approval shall be granted or denied within ten (10) days of receipt of same, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:69A-149.7. If the Mayor fails to return this Ordinance with either her approval or objection to same within ten (10) days after it has been presented to her, then this Ordinance shall be deemed approved.

Section 7. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon (1) adoption; (2) approval by the Mayor pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:69A-149.7; (3) publication in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey; and (4) filing of the final form of adopted ordinance by the Clerk with (a) the Bergen County Planning Board pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-16, and (b) the Borough Tax Assessor as required by N.J.S.A. 40:49-2.1.

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ATTEST:

Laura J. Lyons, Borough Clerk

BOROUGH OF ORADELL ORDINANCE NO. 19-06

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE BOROUGH OF ORADELL'S DEVELOPMENT FEE ORDINANCE AT CHAPTER 240 ARTICLE IX OF THE BOROUGH CODE

Introduced:

January 22, 2019

Passed 1st Reading:

January 22, 2019

Public Hearing:

February 26, 2019

Adopted:

February 26, 2019

Approved:

February 26, 2019

Dianne Camelo Didio, Mayor

ATTEST:

Laura J. Lycns, CPM, RMC, RPPO

Administrator/Borough Clerk

1391

This to certify that the foregoing ordinance was finally passed and adopted at the Regular Meeting of the Borough Council of the Borough of Oradell, New Jersey February 26, 2019.

Laura J. Lyons, CPM, RMC, RPPO

Administrator/Borough Clerk